Table 18. Reported cases of HIV/AIDS in infants born to HIV-infected mothers, by year of child's birth and selected characteristics, 1994–2002—25 states with confidential name-based HIV infection reporting

	Year of birth								
_	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Child's race/ethnicity									
White, not Hispanic	43	29	25	15	8	13	13	8	5
Black, not Hispanic	148	135	93	95	74	52	42	40	16
Hispanic	20	13	9	11	5	8	10	7	4
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Perinatal exposure category Mother with, or at risk for, HIV infection									
Injection drug use	59	50	41	38	20	11	10	4	1
Sex with injection drug user	45	22	14	10	8	10	6	5	2
Sex with bisexual male	5	3	1	5	2	3	3	1	2
Sex with person with hemophilia	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Sex with HIV-infected person, risk not specified	61	58	43	41	28	29	26	19	6
Receipt of blood transfusion, blood components, or tissue	1	1	2	1	2	0	1	0	0
Has HIV infection, risk not specified	41	47	29	29	28	19	20	28	15
Child's diagnosis statusª									
HIV infection	99	103	94	92	63	56	52	46	23
AIDS	114	78	36	32	25	17	15	11	3
Total ^b	213	181	130	124	88	73	67	57	26

Note. Since 1994, the following 25 states have had laws and regulations requiring confidential name-based HIV infection reporting: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

Data include children with a diagnosis of HIV infection. This includes children with a diagnosis of HIV infection only, a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later AIDS diagnosis, and concurrent diagnoses of HIV infection and AIDS.

^a Status in the surveillance system as of June 2003.

^b Includes children of unknown or multiple race.